developing solutions







Manual RT (ATEX)

Clean room panel

For clean rooms and safety laboratories in compliance with DIN EN ISO 14644-1 and GMP Explosive Area (Gases) Zone 2





Masthead

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Version history

Rev. ST4-A 01/15	Version 1 (first edition)
Rev. ST4-B 08/15	Version 2 (Correction Assesories)
Rev. ST4-C 10/17	Version 3 (Correction Long Term Drift FT61)

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1 Safety notes

1.1 General

This operating manual contains instructions fundamental to the installation, operation and maintenance of the device that must be observed unconditionally. It must be read by the assembler, operator and the specialized personnel in charge of the instrument before it is installed and put into operation.

This operating manual is an integral part of the product and therefore needs to be kept close to the instrument in a place that is accessible at all times to the responsible personnel.

The following sections, in particular instructions about the assembly, commissioning and maintenance, contain important information, non-observance of which could pose a threat to humans, animals, the environment and property.

The instrument described in these operating instructions is designed and manufactured in line with the state of the art and good engineering practice.

1.2 Personnel Qualification

The instrument may only be installed and commissioned by specialized personnel familiar with the installation, commissioning and operation of this product.

Specialized personnel are persons who can assess the work they have been assigned and recognize potential dangers by virtue of their specialized training, their skills and experience and their knowledge of the pertinent standards.

For explosion-proof models the specialized personnel must have received special training or instruction or be authorized to work with explosion-proof instruments in explosion hazard areas.

1.3 Risks due to Non-Observance of Safety Instructions

Non-observance of these safety instructions, the intended use of the device or the limit values given in the technical specifications can be hazardous or cause harm to persons, the environment or the plant itself.

The supplier of the equipment will not be liable for damage claims if this should happen.

1.4 Safety Instructions for the Operating Company and the Operator

The safety instructions governing correct operation of the instrument must be observed. The operating company must make them available to the installation, maintenance, inspection and operating personnel.

Dangers arising from electrical components, energy discharged by the medium, escaping medium and incorrect installation of the device must be eliminated. See the information in the applicable national and international regulations.

Please observe the information about certification and approvals in the Technical Data section.

The instrument must be decommissioned and secured against inadvertent reoperation if a situation arises in which it must be assumed that safe operation is no longer possible. Reasons for this assumption could be:

- evident damage to the instrument
- failure of the electrical circuits
- longer storage outside the approved temperature range.
- considerable strain due to transport

Repairs may be carried out by the manufacturer only.

A professional single conformity inspection as per DIN EN 61010, section 1, must be carried out before the instrument can be re-commissioned. This inspection must be performed at the manufacturer's location. Correct transport and storage of the instrument are required.

1.5 Unauthorised Modification

Modifications of or other technical alterations to the instrument by the customer are not permitted. This also applies to replacement parts. Only the manufacturer is authorised to make any modifications or changes.

1.6 Inadmissible Modes of Operation

The operational safety of this instrument can only be guaranteed if it is used as intended. The instrument model must be suitable for the medium used in the system. The limit values given in the technical data may not be exceeded.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage resulting from improper or incorrect use.

1.7 Safe working practices for maintenance and installation work

The safety instructions given in this operating manual, any nationally applicable regulations on accident prevention and any of the operating company's internal work, operating and safety guidelines must be observed.

The operating company is responsible for ensuring that all required maintenance, inspection and installation work is carried out by qualified specialized personnel.

1.8 Pictogram explanation

	Type and source of danger
DANCEN	This indicates a direct dangerous situation that could lead to death or serious injury (highest danger level).
	a) Avoid danger by observing the valid safety regulations.

	Type and source of danger This indicates a potentially dangerous situation that could lead to death or ser- ious injury (medium danger level).		
	a) Avoid danger by observing the valid safety regulations.		
	Type and source of danger		
	This indicates a potentially dangerous situation that could lead to slight or seri-		
	ous injury, damage or environmental pollution (low danger level).		
	a) Avoid danger by observing the valid safety regulations.		
	Note / advice		
NOTICE			
	This indicates useful information of advice for efficient and smooth operation.		

2 Product and functional description

2.1 Delivery scope

- Clean room panel according to specification
- Manual
- Electro-technology documents

2.2 Use as intended

The clan room panel is suitable for monitoring room parameters in clean rooms and safety laboratories in compliance with DIN EN ISO 14644-1 Class 1-9 and according to GMP Class A-D.

Depending on the version, the following parameters can be monitored:

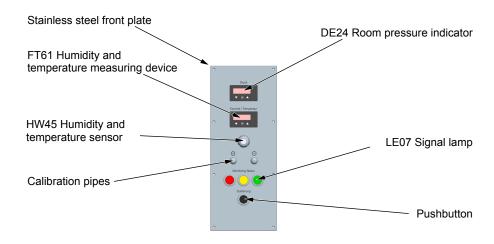
- Room pressure
- Room temperature
- Room humidity
- Particle
- Current

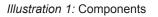
The measuring devices, sensors, control elements etc. used in the clean room panel can be configured as required.

The clean room panel may be used in potentially explosive areas Zone 2 (gases and vapours). Please observe the respective safety instructions in the sections of the respective installed components.

2.3 Product overview

Because the clean room panels are customised, the various components are described based on a randomly selected example.





2.4 Design and mode of operation

The design and function are stated in the wiring diagram in the electro-technology documents included in every delivery. For explanations about operation, please see the respective section of the installed components in this manual.

The following measuring components can be installed in a clean room panel:

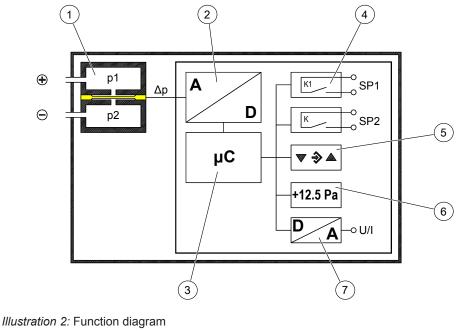
- DE24 Room pressure transmitter/indicator [> 9]
- FT61 Humidity and temperature measuring device [> 24]
- EA14 Universal display [▶ 39]
- TW68 Resistance thermometer [▶ 54]

3 DE24 Room pressure transmitter/indicator

3.1 Use as intended

This device is suitable for use as a display and switch device for measuring and monitoring the room pressure in clean rooms and safety laboratories.

3.2 Design and mode of operation



1 Measuring cell

2	Signal	conversion

Microcontroller
 Keyboard

- 4 Switch output6 Display
- 6
- 7 Analogue output
- The DE24 is based on a capacitive sensor element that is suitable for measur-

ing overpressure, underpressure and differential pressure.

The measured pressure acts on the sensor element with a micro-mechanically produced differential condenser in silicon-glass technology.

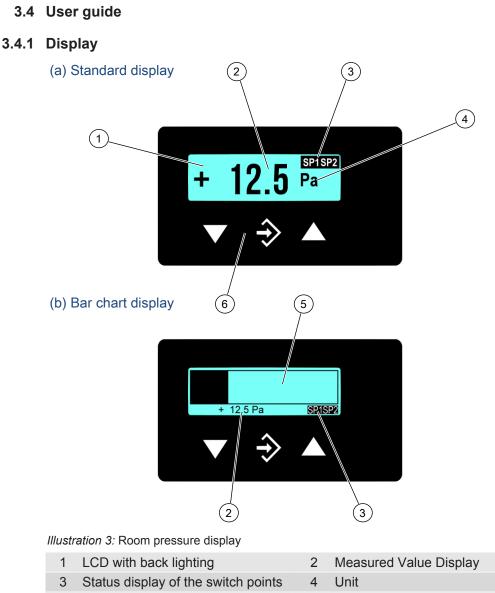
Changes in pressure generate changes in capacity, which is evaluated by the device's electronics and transformed into signals on the display, switch contacts and an output signal.

3.3 Explosion hazard area classification

The room pressure transmitter DE24 is suitable as 'Electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive areas', Zone 2 - (Gases and vapours).

Designation as per Directive 94/9/EC:

 $\langle \widehat{Ex} \rangle$ II 3G Ex nA IIC T4 -10°C $\leq T_{amb} \leq 60°C$



- 5 Bar chart display
- In normal mode, the current measured value is shown on a 4-digit LC display.

6

Keyboard

To show very large values, it is possible to switch to a 5 or 6-digit presentation (see Parameter **MB decimal place**).

SP1SP2

Illustration 4: LCD Switch points

The unit is shown on the right of the display. If the device is equipped with contacts, a closed contact is always symbolised by an inverted text "SP1" or "SP2".

Various colours can be selected for the back lighting. Depending on the measured value, the colour of the back lighting can be automatically changed. This can be used e.g. to depict good/poor differences. The back lighting can also be deactivated.

The measured value can also be shown in a bar chart. The measured value is also shown in smaller pictures as a number.

During the programming, the menu items and the associated parameters are shown on the display. The device continues to function whilst the parameters are being set; apart from one exception, the changes come into effect instantly. The exception here is a change of switching times - here the previously valid time must have run down.

3.4.2 Keyboard

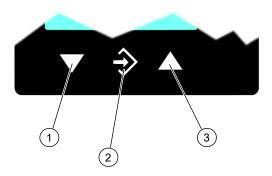


Illustration 5: Operating keys

1	Page down menu	Reduce value	
2	Call up menu	Save value	OK
3	Page up menu	Increase value	

The individual menu items and parameters can be displayed using the buttons \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown . The respective menu item is selected or the parameters for making changes are called up via the button \diamondsuit .

If a parameter can be changed, the display flashes. The change is made via the buttons \blacktriangle and \checkmark . The value is saved with the button \diamondsuit .

To leave a menu level or the entire menu, select the parameter "Quit" and press \diamondsuit .

Example: Switch-on point set switchpoint 1

In normal mode, press the button \diamondsuit to enter the menu. The **menu level Switch points** appears. Press the enter key \diamondsuit again to call up the display parameter.

The first parameter **Switch point 1 on** is displayed. To change this parameter, press the button \Rightarrow again.

The device jumps to the input:

- The parameter is stated in the 1st line.
- The value that is to be changed is shown in the 2nd line, the display flashes.
- The input limits are displayed in the 3rd line (if there is one).

The required value is set with the buttons \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown and then confirmed with \diamondsuit

3.4.3 Menu levels

The menu levels are structured as follows:

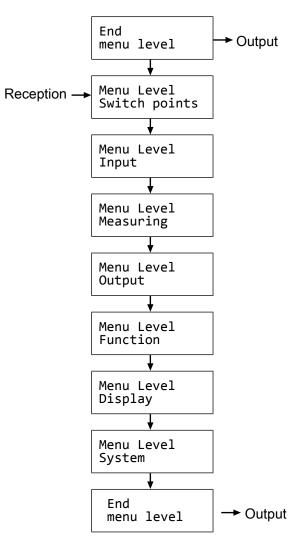


Illustration 6: Menu levels

The following tables provide an overview of the parameters of the individual menu levels. In the Menu Level Systemyou can change to the respective national language using the language parameter. You can see which languages are supported there.

3.4.3.1 Menu Level Switch points

Parameter name	Description	Value range
SP1 On	Switch point 1 On	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP1 Off	Switching point 1 off	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP1 Delay	Switching point 1 delay	01800 s
SP1 Function	Switching point 1 function	NO, NC
SP2 On	Switch point 2 On	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP2 Off	Switching point 2 off	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP2 Delay	Switching point 2 delay	01800 s
SP2 Function	Switching point 2 function	NO, NC

The two switch outputs are configured by four parameters respectively. For the switch point 1 these are

- SP1 On
- SP1 Off
- SP1 Delay
- SP1 Function

Accordingly for switch point 2:

- SP2 On
- SP2 Off
- SP2 Delay
- SP2 Function

The function of the individual parameters is explained for both switch points using Switch point 1 as an example.

SP1 On defines the activation point, **SP1 Off** the deactivation point of switch output 1. The values are shown in the valid unit and set accordingly. The values are shown in the valid unit and set accordingly. Both parameters can be set independently over the entire value range.

The value range ranges from MRS - 50% to MRE + 50%. MRS stands for measuring range start and MRE for measuring range end.

Example: Measurement range = 0 ... 100 Pa

The value range for this measuring range is -50 Pa ... +150 Pa.

Together, the two parameters **SP1 On** and **SP1 Off** determine the switch function of switch output 1:

- If SP1 On > SP1 Off, the output switches on, if the measured value exceeds SP1 On. It is only switched off again if the measured value SP1 Off is undercut (hysteresis function).
- If SP1 On = SP1 Off, the output switches on if the measured value exceeds SP1 On and off if the measured value undercuts the same value (SP1 Off).
- If SP1 On < SP1 Off, the output switches on, if the measured value lies within these switch points: i.e:</p>

SP1 On < Measured value < **SP1 Off** (window function).

SP1 Delay allows the reaction of the switch output to be delayed by between 0 and 1800 s. This parameter applies equally for switching on and off.

SP1 Function changes the function of the switch output 1. It is possible here to define whether the contact should work as a open contact (NO) or a break contact (NC).

3.4.3.2 Menu Level Input

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Absorption	Attenuation, damping	0100 s
Offset corr.	Offset correction	⅓ basic measuring range
Zero-pt. wind.	Zero-point window	⅓ basic measuring range

If there are unsteady pressure readings during operation, you can use the parameters **Absorption** and **Zero-pt. wind.** to stabilise the reading and the output signal. The parameter **Absorption** functions like a capillary throttle. However, it only acts on the display, output signal and switch points (if these exist) but not on the measuring cell itself.

You can set the response time to pressure jumps in the range 0.0 to 100 s.

Response time At maximum damping it can take over 2 minutes until the pressure jump from the nominal pressure 100% to 0% is also shown as zero in the display.

In many cases, unsteady readings are not a problem during normal operating mode, but this is not true for the idle state, i.e. if a measured value of zero is expected. The parameter **Zero-pt. wind.** is designed to solve this. Its value defines a range around zero at which the measured value is set to zero (see fig.).

The display only stops showing zero when the pressure leaves the set window. When twice the window value is reached, the measuring pressure and the display correspond again. This avoids jumps in the display.

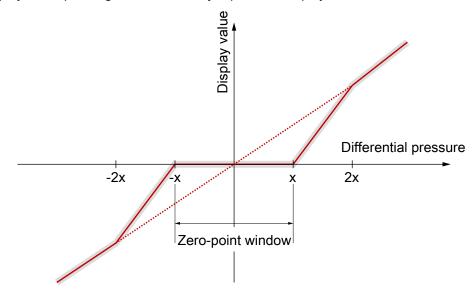


Illustration 7: Zero-point window

It makes sense to set the Offset (zero-point displacement) if, without differential pressure (remove measuring line), the display shows a value that is not zero. Before the offset correction, the zero-point window must be set to zero.

Select the **Offset corr**. parameter and correct the reading using the buttons \blacktriangle or \checkmark until zero is shown in the display.

When setting the offset, the current measured value is displayed. The zeropoint window is not active during the offset setting.

3.4.3.3 Menu Level Measuring

Parameter name	Description	Value range
MB start	Measuring range start	Basic measuring range
MB end	Measuring range end	Basic measuring range
Unit	Measuring range unit	bar, mbar, Pa, kPa, MPa, psi, InWc, mmWs, mmHg
Limit	Measuring range limit	yes, no

The transmitter output signal primarily depends on the sensed pressure. However, you have the option of adjusting the output signal to a large extent to suit your requirements.

NOTICE		Adjustment of the output signal		
NOTICE		The basic measuring range (indicated on the type label) and the type of output signal (voltage / current) are not variable.		
		The parameters MB start and MB end initially define the two pressures between which the output signal will change at all. Both values are adjustable across the entire basic measuring range. The set values also refer to the pres- sure in the respective unit. However, the signal values (current / voltage) for 'Start of measuring range' and 'End of measuring range' are fixed.		
	If MB start is smaller than MB end , this is calle curve; the output signal increases as the press			-
	If MB end is smaller than MB start , this is a decreasing characteristic cu and the output signal decreases as the pressure increases.			
		The difference between the values MB start and MB end must be at least of the basic measuring range.		B end must be at least 25 %
		parameter Unit. The user	ou can select a unit other than the unit of the basic measuring range with the arameter Unit . The user should remember however that not every unit is suitble. The conversion is automatic.	
		The parameter Limit allows the display, output and switching points to be ited to the range between Start of measuring range and End of measuring range. This makes sense when content is measured to avoid "negative co tents". If Limit is set to "no", those measured values that are greater or sm than the end values are shown.		and End of measuring d to avoid "negative con-
3.4.3.4		Menu Level Output		
		Parameter name	Description	Value range

Parameter name	Description	Value range
min. output	min. output	
max. output	max. output	0.0 21.0 mA or
Error signal	Measuring range unit	0.0 11.0 V

The parameters **min. output**, **max. output** and **error signal** define the limits of the output signal that may not be undercut or exceeded regardless of the pressure. The limit values take priority over the range defined by the **MB start** and **MB end** parameters! These parameters primarily serve to prevent error messages in downstream systems caused by brief overstepping of measuring ranges.

The parameter **min. output** is usually only used for devices with an output signal 4...20 mA because frequently values of below 3.8 mA are evaluated as error signals.

The **max. output** value can be used for the voltage and current to limit the maximum value.

The value defined via the parameter **Error signal** is issued if the device detects an internal error and can no longer work correctly. It should be noted here that not all potential errors and faults can be detected by the device itself.

3.4.3.5 Menu Level Function

The Function menu level is a variable menu whose appearance depends on the value of the Function parameter. There are linear, square rooted and table functions

Linear function

The input signal is linear before being sent to the display and the output. The range defined in the menu "Measuring" serves as the measuring range. If the function LINEAR is active, the other menu items are cancelled.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Function	Function	Value = linear

Square rooted function

Here, the input signal is square rooted before being sent to the display and the output. This is necessary e.g. for flow measurements with differential pressure. A free unit can be defined for the display. To do this, the start and end of the display range and the number of decimal points are defined. It is also possible to define the unit with 4 characters.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Function	Function	Value = square rooted
MB decimal pl.	Measuring range decimal places	1234, 123.4, 12.34, 1,234, 12345, 123456
MB start	Measuring range start	-9999 +9999
MB end	Measuring range end	-9999 +9999
MB unit	Measuring range unit	4 characters

The following section contains descriptions of the parameters **MB decimal pl.**, **MB start**, **MB end** and **MB unit** to describe the table function.

Tables function

This function allows free adjustment of the input variable to the display and output via a table with up to 30 support points. A value pair comprising a measured value and display value is issued for every support point.

Change of parameter

When switching from TABLE to another function, the table is initialised again and the existing values are lost.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Function	Function	Value = Table
MB decimal pl.	Measuring range decimal places	1234, 123.4, 12.34, 1,234, 12345, 123456
MB start	Measuring range start	-9999 +9999
MB end	Measuring range end	-9999 +9999
MB unit	Measuring range unit	4 characters
No. of pairs	Number of pairs	n = 330
Value pair1	Value pair 1	
Value pair2	Value pair 2	MB-start MB-end
Value pair3	Value pair 3	
Value pair30	Value pair 30	

The display range is defined with the parameters **MB decimal pl.**, **MB start** and **MB end**. The user can select the configuration freely.

NOTICE

Using the parameter **MB decimal pl.**, it is possible to select between a 5 or 6digit presentation. The resolution is not increased. Only an extra zero or two zeros are added. This serves the correct display of larger values. The measuring range must be positive for the 6 digit presentation.

The **MB** unit gives the user the option of defining a completely independent unit. Letters, numbers or special characters can be used. The unit can be max. 4 characters long.

If the function TABLE is selected, then it is also necessary to state the **No. of pairs**. It is defined here how many pairs of values (support points) are used in the table. A table is made up of at least 3, max. 30 support points.

Number of value pairs

If the number of value pairs is changed, the table is initialised again and the existing values are deleted.

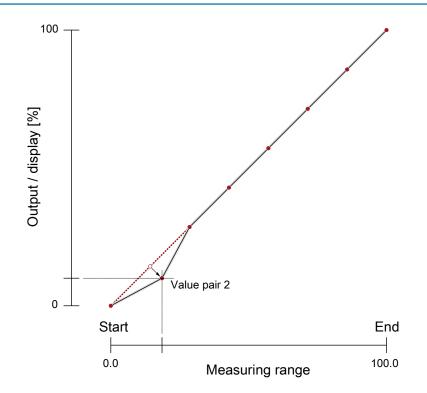


Illustration 9: Table function (example)

The individual value pairs can be seen and changed with the Value pair1 to Value pair30 parameters. A value pair comprises a measured value (left side) and a display value (right side). The measured value must lie within the measuring range and the display value must lie within the defined "free unit". The respective limits are shown during input. The table must contain either increasing or decreasing values. the table must contain either continuously increasing or continuously failing values. A change from an increasing to a decreasing characteristic curve within a support point table is not allowed.

3.4.3.6 Menu Level Display

The Display menu level is a variable menu whose appearance depends on the value of the colour parameter. In addition to the various colours for the background lighting, there are also two auto-functions with colour switching available.

NOTICE

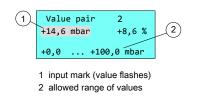


Illustration 8: Value pair

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yellow, blue, pink, turquoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow- green
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s
Contrast	Contrast	15 45
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no

The mots important parameter is **Colour**. A fixed colour can be defined for the background colour here. There are also two auto-functions with colour switching available. Alternatively, the background illumination can be permanently deactivated.

If permanent lighting is not required, the parameter **Lighting time** can be used to define when the lighting should be switched off after the last time a button is pressed. In addition to permanent lighting (0 s), automatic shut-down after 10... 600 s is also possible. The set time is only valid if the parameter **Colour** is not set to "off".

Amongst other things, the legibility of the display depends on the temperature and the reading angle. To ensure optimised legibility, the display can be adjusted using the parameter **Contrast**. When the contrast is changed, it is possible that the display appears empty or almost completely black. In this case, the contrast must be turned up or down.

Via the parameter **Bar chart**, the display can be switched between a display where the measured value is either shown in large digits or the display shows small digits and an additional barchart.

Auto1: Colour-change red to green

In the mode with the automatic colour switchover, it is possible to enter the required switch thresholds "red-green switchover", "green-red switchover".

The switching thresholds can be moved within the measuring range. The series of switch points cannot be altered.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Red-Gr. switch.	Red-green switching	MRS - 50%
Gr-Red switch.	Green-red switching	MRE + 50%
Hysteresis	Hysteresis	0.1 10.0 %
Delay	Delay	0 1800 s
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yel- low, blue, pink, tur- quoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow- green
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s
Contrast	Contrast	15 45
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no

NOTICE

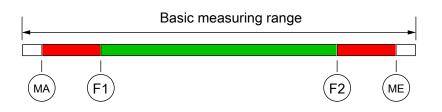


Illustration 10: Function Auto1

MA	MB-start	Measuring range start
F1	Red-Gr. switch.	Red-green switching
F2	Gr-Red switch.	Green-red switching
ME	MB-end	Measuring range end

The parameter **Hysteresis** can be used to prevent fast and unwanted colour changes. The hysteresis is set in the range 0.1... 10%.

Overlapping colour areas

Note: In the case of large hysteresis values, steps must be taken to ensure that the ranges of the individual colours do not overlap. Otherwise it is possible that the colour change may not function in the desired way.

The parameter **Delay** offers a further option to prevent unwanted colour changes. The colour change here can be delayed between 0...1800 s.

The parameter **Lighting** can be used to define when the lighting should be switched off after the last time a button is pressed. In addition to permanent lighting, automatic shut-down after 10...600 s is also possible. The set time is only valid if the parameter **Colour** is not set to "off". The lighting can be switched on permanently with the value 0s.

The legibility of the display can be adjusted using the parameter **Contrast**. When the contrast is changed, it is possible that the display appears empty or almost completely black. In this case, the contrast must be turned up or down again.

Via the parameter **Bar chart**, the display can be switched between a display where the measured value is either shown in large digits or the display shows small digits and an additional barchart.

Auto2: Colour-change red-yellow-green

In the Auto 2 mode with the automatic colour switchover, it is possible to enter the required switch thresholds "red-yellow switchover", "yellow-green switchover", green-yellow switchover, "yellow-red switchover".

The switching thresholds can be moved within the measuring range. The series of switch points cannot be altered.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Red-Yell.switch.	Red-yellow switchover	
YellGr.switch.	Yellow-green switchover	MRS - 50%
GrYell. switch	Green-yellow switchover	MRE + 50%
YellRed switch	Yellow-red switchover	
Hysteresis	Hysteresis	0.1 10.0 %
Delay	Delay	0 1800 s

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yel- low, blue, pink, tur- quoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow- green
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s
Contrast	Contrast	15 45
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no



Illustration 11: Function Auto2

MA	MB-start	Measuring range start
F1	Red-Yell.switch.	Colour-change red to yellow
F2	YellGr.switch.	Colour-change yellow to green
F3	GrYell. switch	Colour-change green to yellow
F4	YellRed switch	Colour-change yellow to red
ME	MB-end	Measuring range end

In this menu the same parameters are used as those described in the previous sections.

NOTICE

Example

Unused range

If a range is not to be used, the associated switch thresholds (F1...F4) can be set to the same value.

The parameter Colour is set to Auto2. Only the green, yellow and red ranges are required here. To fade out the lower ranges red and yellow, the switch thresholds "red-yellow switching" and "yellow-green switching" are set to the start of the measuring range.

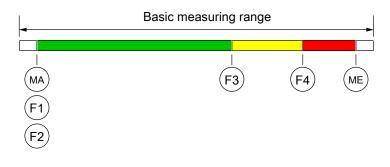


Illustration 12: Example Auto2

3.4.3.7 Menu Level System

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Language	Language change	DE, EN, FR, ES, IT,PT,HU

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Software Info	Information about the software	Device type, serial number, firmware version
Config. Info	Information about the configur- ation	Basic measuring range, output signal, contacts
Statistics	Statistics	Operating time, switch cycles of the contacts
Password	Password	0/1999
Load config.	Load configuration	
Save config.	Save configuration	

The user menu can be switched to German, English, French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese or Hungarian using the parameter Language.

The menu items Software Info and Config. Info provide information about the device. This information helps to answer questions about the device quickly.

- The serial number and the firmware version is shown in Software info. If a 'designation' has been assigned, this is also issued. Please note that a 'designation' can only be entered with the PC software by remote configuration.
- The basic measuring range, the defined output signal and existing contacts are stated in the Config. Info.

The Statistics provide information about the operating time and the relay switching cycles from the time of delivery. The operating time is shown in days (d) and hours (h)

A **Password** can be used to protect the menu against unauthorised access. The password is a figure from 1 to 999. The input 0 means that no password is active.

The password needs to be set if the user presses the button in normal mode to enter the menu. If a wrong password is entered, the system automatically jumps back to normal mode again. If no password is active, the display immediately jumps to the menu.

NOTICE

Forgotten password

The user cannot restore a forgotten password. Please contact the manufacturer in this case.

The user can load a saved configuration via the menu item **Load config.** This means that a functional set of parameters can be loaded after trying out various settings.

The menu item Save config. serves to save the existing parameters in a protected memory area. This is helpful if the settings of a functional device needs to be optimised. Save config. and Load config. can be used to quickly restore the initial status again.

NOTICE

Delivery condition

If the user has not yet saved a configuration, the default values (status on delivery) are loaded. In this case, any measuring range spreads or switch points are reset and the device needs to be newly configured.

3.5 Technical data

3.5.1 Input variables

Measuring variable

Differential pressure for gas-like media

Measurement range Pa 0 ... 50

	0 50
	0 100
	0 1000
	-20 +80
	-25 +25
	-50 +50
	-100 +100
	-150 +50
Static operating pressure	Max. 100 kPa

Bursting pressure Max. 170 kPa

3.5.2 Output parameters

3.5.2.1 Analogue output

Output signal	0 20 mA 4 20 mA 0 10 V	
Signal range	0,0 21,0 mA 0,0 11,0 V	
Apparent ohmic resistance	0/4 20 mA	0 10 V
	$U_{\rm b} \le 26 \text{ V}$ $R_{\rm L} \le (U_{\rm b} - 4 \text{ V}) / 0.02 \text{ A}$	$R_{L} > 2 k\Omega$
	$U_{b} > 26 V R_{L} \le 1100$	

3.5.2.2 Switch output

2 potential-free semiconductor switches	(MOSFET)
Switching function (programmable)	One-pin activator (NO) One-pin deactivator (NC)
Switching voltage	3 32 V AC/DC
Switching current	max. 0.25 A
Switching output	max. 8 W ($R_{on} \le 4 \Omega$)

3.5.3 Measurement accuracy

Characteristic curve devi-	(Non-linearity and hysteresis)		
ation*	Maximum	1.0 % FS	
	Typical	0.5 % FS	
	Reproducibility	0.1 % FS	
		the basic measuring range. The information refers to a steristic curve at 25 °C and applies to all measuring	
Temperature coefficient	max. 0.6 % FS / 10 K		
	In zero-point and span w	ith reference to the basic measuring range (not	

spread), compensation range 4...50 °C.

3.5.4 Auxiliary energy

Rated Voltage 24 V AC/DC

Admissible operating voltage	U _b = 20 32 V AC/DC
Power consumption	approx. 2W (2VA)
Elektrischer Anschluss	Please see the supplied electro-technology documents for information about the electrical connection.
	In order to guarantee a safe operation, please observe the following safety in- structions.
	 The power supply circuit has to fulfil the requirements for zone 2, category 3.
	 A separate power supply circuit must be created for every component.
	 Every supply circuit must be protected by a slow 200 mA fuse.
	 The operating voltage may not exceed 32 V DC/AC.
	 Only a CE-compliant power supply unit may be used as a power supply.
	Operation in areas at risk of explosion
	If operated in explosive areas, the electrical data of the unit and the valid local
	regulations and guidelines for the installation and operation of electrical systems in explosive areas must be observed (e.g. DIN EN 60079-14)

4 FT61 Humidity and temperature measuring device

4.1 Use as intended

This device is suitable for use as a display and switch device for measuring and monitoring the humidity and temperature in clean rooms and safety laboratories.

4.2 Design and mode of operation

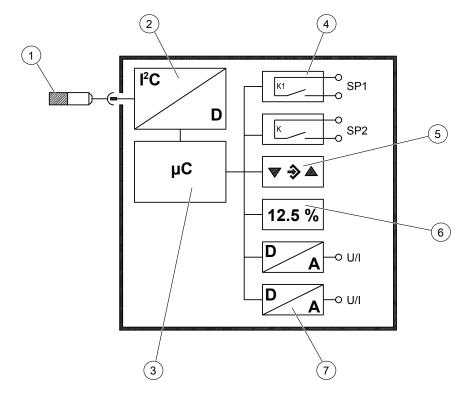


Illustration 13: Function diagram

- 1 Damp and temperature sensor
- 2 Signal conversion
- 4 Switch output

Display

- Keyboard
- 7 Analogue output

Microcontroller

3

5

The measuring device comprises a sensor and a display unit. The data measured on the sensor is transferred via I²C bus to the display.

6

This is where the data from the microprocessor-controlled electronics are converted into display, switch contacts and output signals.

4.3 Explosion hazard area classification

The humidity and temperature measuring device FT61 is suitable as 'Electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive areas', Zone 2 - (Gases and vapours).

Designation as per Directive 94/9/EC

(€x)II 3G Ex nA IIC T4 -10°C ≤ T_{amb} ≤ 60°C

4.4 User guide

The input channels of the FT61 are assigned as follows:

- Channel 1 : Relative humidity in %
- Channel 2: Temperature in °C

4.4.1 Display

4.4.1.1 Standard display

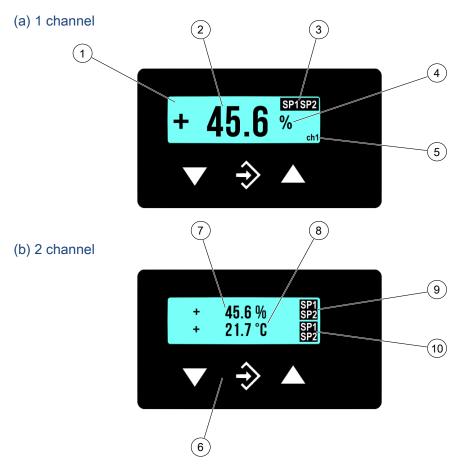
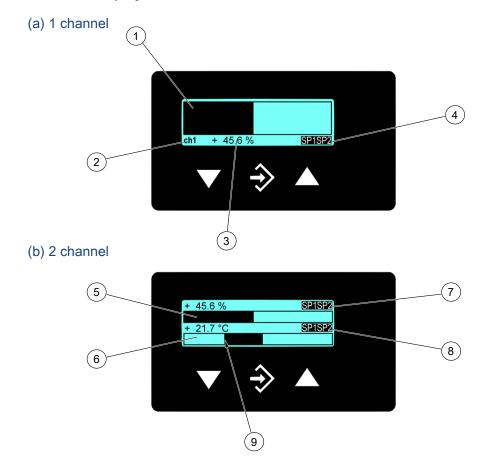


Illustration 14: Humidity/temperature display standard

1	LCD with back lighting	2	Measured Value Display
3	Status display of the switch points	4	Unit
5	Channel display (1)	6	Keyboard
7	Measured value channel 1	8	Measured value channel 2
9	Status display of the switch points for assignment channel 1 ⁽²⁾	10	Status display of the switch points for assignment channel 2 $^{\scriptscriptstyle (2)}$
(1) For easier differentiation, channel 2 is shown inverted: ch2.			

(2) see parameter Assignment SP: [▶ 28]



4.4.1.2 Bar chart display

Illustration 15: Humidity/temperature display bar chart

- 1 Bar chart display 3 Measured Value Display
- 5 Bar chart display channel 1
- 7 Status display of the switch points for assignment channel 1⁽²⁾
- 2 Channel display (1)
- 4 Status display of the switch points
- 6 Bar chart display channel 2
- 8 Status display of the switch points for assignment channel 21⁽²⁾
- 9 Zero point of bar chart display

(1) For easier differentiation, channel 2 is shown inverted: ch2.

(2) see parameter Assignment SP: [> 28]

In normal mode, the current measured value is shown on a 4-digit LC display. To show very large values, it is possible to switch to a 5 or 6-digit presentation (see Parameter MB decimal place).

SP1SP2

Illustration 16: LCD Switch points

The unit is shown on the right of the display. If the device is equipped with contacts, a closed contact is always symbolised by an inverted text "SP1" or "SP2".

Various colours can be selected for the back lighting. Depending on the measured value, the colour of the back lighting can be automatically changed. This can be used e.g. to depict good/poor differences. The back lighting can also be deactivated.

The measured value can also be shown in a bar chart. The measured value is also shown in smaller pictures as a number.

During the programming, the menu items and the associated parameters are shown on the display. The device continues to function whilst the parameters are being set; apart from one exception, the changes come into effect instantly. The exception here is a change of switching times - here the previously valid time must have run down.

4.4.2 Keyboard

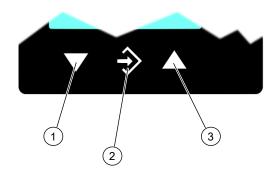


Illustration 17: Operating keys

1	Page down menu	Reduce value	
2	Call up menu	Save value	OK
3	Page up menu	Increase value	

The individual menu items and parameters can be displayed using the buttons \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown . The respective menu item is selected or the parameters for making changes are called up via the button \diamondsuit .

If a parameter can be changed, the display flashes. The change is made via the buttons \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown . The value is saved with the button \diamondsuit .

To leave a menu level or the entire menu, select the parameter "Quit" and press \diamondsuit .

Switch-on point set switchpoint 1

In normal mode, press the button \diamondsuit to enter the menu. The **menu level Switch points** appears. Press the enter key \diamondsuit again to call up the display parameter.

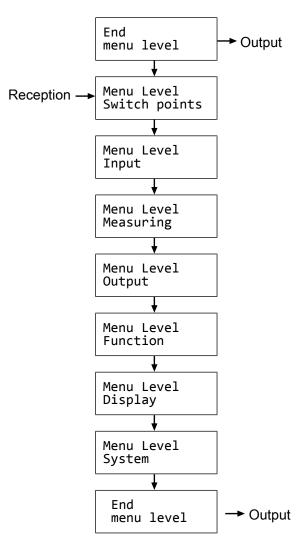
The first parameter **Switch point 1 on** is displayed. To change this parameter, press the button \diamondsuit again.

The device jumps to the input:

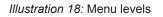
- The parameter is stated in the 1st line.
- The value that is to be changed is shown in the 2nd line, the display flashes.
- The input limits are displayed in the 3rd line (if there is one).

The required value is set with the buttons \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown and then confirmed with \diamondsuit

Example:



4.4.3 Menu levels



4.4.3.1 Menu Level Switch points (2SP)

NOTICE! This menu only appears on models with two switching outputs.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
SP1 On	Switch point 1 On	MBA-50% MBE+50%
SP1 Off	Switching point 1 off	MBA-50% MBE+50%
SP1 Delay	Switching point 1 delay	01800 s
SP1 Function	Switching point 1 function	NO, NC
Assignment SP	Channel assignment	Channel 1, 2 and 1+2
SP2 On	Switch point 2 On	MBA-50% MBE+50%
SP2 Off	Switching point 2 off	MBA-50% MBE+50%
SP2 Delay	Switching point 2 delay	01800 s
SP2 Function	Switching point 2 function	NO, NC

The two switching outputs are configured by four parameters respectively. For the switch point 1 these are

- SP1 On
- SP1 Off

- SP1 Delay
- SP1 Function

Accordingly for switch point 2:

- SP2 On
- SP2 Off
- SP2 Delay
- SP2 Function

The function of the individual parameters is explained for both switch points using Switch point 1 as an example.

SP1 On defines the activation point, **SP1 Off** the deactivation point of switching output 1. The values are shown in the valid unit and set accordingly. The values are shown in the valid unit and set accordingly. Both parameters can be set independently over the entire value range.

The value range ranges from MBA – 50% to MBE + 50%. MBA stands for start of measuring range and MBE for the end of the measuring range.

Example:

Measuring range = 0 ... 100 %

The value range for this measuring range is -50 % ... +150 %.

Function of the switch points

Together, the two parameters **SP1 On** and **SP1 Off** determine the switch function of switching output 1:

- If SP1 On > SP1 Off, the output switches on, if the measured value exceeds SP1 On. It is only switched off again if the measured value SP1 Off is undercut (hysteresis function).
- If SP1 On = SP1 Off, the output switches on if the measured value exceeds SP1 On and off if the measured value undercuts the same value (SP1 Off).
- If SP1 On < SP1 Off, the output switches on, if the measured value lies within these switch points: i.e:</p>

SP1 On < Measured value < SP1 Off (window function).</p>

SP1 Delay allows the reaction of the switching output to be delayed by between 0 and 1800 s. This parameter applies equally for switching on and off.

SP1 Function changes the function of the switching output 1. It is possible here to define whether the contact should work as a open contact (NO) or a break contact (NC).

Assignment SP is used to define the input to which the contacts are assigned. The following options are available:

- Channel 1
 Both contacts are assigned to channel 1.
- Channel 1, channel 2
 A contact is assigned to every channel.
 Channel 1: SP1
 Channel 2: SP2
- Channel 2 Both contacts are assigned to channel 2.

The unit and the input range are adapted accordingly when entering the switch points.

4.4.3.2	Menu Level Input		
Channel 1:	Parameter name	Description	Value range
	Absorption	Damping	0100 s
	Offset corr.	Offset correction	⅓ basic measuring range
	Zero-pt. wind.	Zero-point window	⅓ basic measuring range
Channel 2:	Parameter name	Description	Value range
	Absorption 2	Damping	0100 s
	Offset corr. 2	Offset correction	⅓ basic measuring range
	Zero-pt. wind.2	Zero-point window	⅓ basic measuring range
		n channels are set in the same w or the first channel as an examp	
		easurement readings during open nd Zero-pt. wind. to stabilise th	
	The parameter Absorption functions like a capillary throttle. However, it only acts on the display, output signal and switch points (if these exist) but not on the measuring cell itself.		
	You can set the respons 100 s.	se time to measuring value jump	os in the range 0.0 to
NOTICE	Response time		
NOTICE	At maximum damping it can take over 2 minutes until after a measurement ju from 100% to 0% is also shown as zero in the display.		
	mode, but this is not true pected. The parameter a defines a range around fig.). The display only stops s	y readings are not a problem due of or the idle state, i.e. if a meas Zero-pt. wind. is designed to so zero at which the measured val showing zero when the measure double the value, the measure	sured value of zero is ex- olve this. Its value ue is set to zero (see ement leaves the set
		Display value	
	-2x	-x x 2x	Measured Value
		Zero-point window	

Illustration 19: Zero-point window

It may be necessary to set the offset to correct the impact of the installation position.

Select the **Offset corr**. parameter and correct the reading using the buttons \blacktriangle or \checkmark until zero is shown in the display.

When setting the offset, the current measured value is displayed. The zeropoint window is not active during the offset setting.

4.4.3.3 Menu Level Measurement

Channel 1:	Parameter name	Description	Value range
	MB start	Measuring range start	Basic measuring range
	MB end	Measuring range end	Basic measuring range
	Unit	Measuring range unit	
	Limit	Measuring range limit	yes, no
Channel 2:	Parameter name	Description	Value range
	MB 2 start	Measuring range start	Basic measuring range
	MB 2 end	Measuring range end	Basic measuring range
	Unit 2	Measuring range unit	
	variables (channel 1 or c the output signals to a lat The two channels are co channel is configured and	transmitter primarily depend or hannel 2). However, you have t rge extent to suit your requirement nfigured by three parameters re alogue to the first channel. The e explained in the following usin	he option of adjusting ents. spectively. The 2nd settings are identical
	ample.		
NOTICE Adjustment of the output signal		tput signal	
	The basic measuring ran signal (voltage / current)	ge (indicated on the type label) are not variable.	and the type of output
	between which the output across the entire basic murement in the respective	t and MB end initially define the it signal will change at all. Both neasuring range. The set values of unit. However, the signal value and End of measuring range a	values are adjustable also refer to the meas- es (current / voltage) for
		n MB end , this is called an incr ncreases as the measurement i	
		n MB start , this is a decreasing creases as the measurement inc	
	The difference between t of the basic measuring ra	he values MB start and MB en ange.	d must be at least 25 %
		er than the unit of the basic means r should remember however that automatic.	
	ited to the range betweer	ws the display, output and swite Start of measuring range and o", those measured values that shown.	End of measuring

4.4.3.4 Menu Level Output

There are two output signals available that are permanently assigned to the respective input channels. The type of output signal (0/4...20 mA, 0...10V) must be stated on the order and cannot be changed.

Both outputs are configured in the same way, which is why this is only explained for the first output.

Output 1 (→channel 1)	Parameter name	Description	Value range
	min. output	min. output	
	max. output	max. output	0.0 21.0 mA or
	Error signal	Measuring range unit	0.0 11.0 V
Output 2 (→channel 2)			
Output 2 (→channel 2)	Parameter name	Description	Value range
Output 2 (→channel 2)	Parameter name min. output 2	Description min. output	-
Output 2 (→channel 2)			Value range 0.0 21.0 mA or 0.0 11.0 V

The parameters **min. output**, **max. output** and **error signal** define the limits of the output signal that may not be undercut or exceeded regardless of the measured variable. The limit values take priority over the range defined by the **Start of measuring range** and **End of measuring range** parameters! These parameters primarily serve to prevent error messages in downstream systems caused by brief overstepping of measuring ranges.

The parameter **Min. output** is usually only used for devices with an output signal 4...20 mA because frequently values of below 3.8 mA are evaluated as error signals.

The Max. output value can be used for the voltage and current to limit the maximum value.

The value defined via the parameter **Error signal** is issued if the device detects an internal error and can no longer work correctly. It should be noted here that not all potential errors and faults can be detected by the device itself.

4.4.3.5 Menu Level Function

The Function menu level is deactivated for this device. The input signal of both channels is transferred to the display and output with a linear function.

4.4.3.6 Menu Level Display

The Display menu level is a variable menu whose appearance depends on the value of the colour parameter. In addition to the various colours for the background lighting, there are also two auto-functions with colour switching available.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yellow, blue, pink, turquoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow-green
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s
Contrast	Contrast	15 45
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no

The mots important parameter is **Colour**. A fixed colour can be defined for the background colour here. There are also two auto-functions with colour switching available. Alternatively, the background illumination can be permanently deactivated.

If permanent lighting is not required, the parameter **Lighting time** can be used to define when the lighting should be switched off after the last time a button is pressed. In addition to permanent lighting (0 s), automatic shut-down after 10... 600 s is also possible. The set time is only valid if the parameter **Colour** is not set to "off".

Amongst other things, the legibility of the display depends on the temperature and the reading angle. To ensure optimised legibility, the display can be adjusted using the parameter **Contrast**. When the contrast is changed, it is possible that the display appears empty or almost completely black. In this case, the contrast must be turned up or down.

Via the parameter **Bar chart**, the display can be switched between a display where the measured value is either shown in large digits or the display shows small digits and an additional barchart.

Auto1: Colour-change red to green

In the mode with the automatic colour switchover, it is possible to enter the required switch thresholds "red-green switchover", "green-red switchover".

The switching thresholds can be moved within the measuring range. The series of switch points cannot be altered.

Parameter name	Description	Value range	
Red-Gr. switch.	Red-green switching	MRS - 50% MRE + 50%	
Gr-Red switch.	Green-red switching		
Hysteresis	Hysteresis	0.1 10.0 %	
Delay	Delay	0 1800 s	
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yellow, blue, pink, turquoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow-green	
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s	
Contrast	Contrast	15 45	
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no	

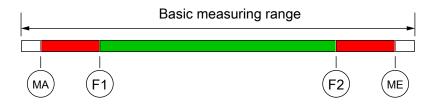


Illustration 20: Function Auto1

MA	MB-start	Measuring range start
F1	Red-Gr. switch.	Red-green switching
F2	Gr-Red switch.	Green-red switching
ME	MB-end	Measuring range end

The parameter **Hysteresis** can be used to prevent fast and unwanted colour changes. The hysteresis is set in the range 0.1... 10%.

NOTICE

Overlapping colour areas

Note: In the case of large hysteresis values, steps must be taken to ensure that the ranges of the individual colours do not overlap. Otherwise it is possible that the colour change may not function in the desired way.

The parameter **Delay** offers a further option to prevent unwanted colour changes. The colour change here can be delayed between 0...1800 s.

The parameter **Lighting** can be used to define when the lighting should be switched off after the last time a button is pressed. In addition to permanent lighting, automatic shut-down after 10...600 s is also possible. The set time is only valid if the parameter **Colour** is not set to "off". The lighting can be switched on permanently with the value 0s.

The legibility of the display can be adjusted using the parameter **Contrast**. When the contrast is changed, it is possible that the display appears empty or almost completely black. In this case, the contrast must be turned up or down again.

Via the parameter **Bar chart**, the display can be switched between a display where the measured value is either shown in large digits or the display shows small digits and an additional barchart.

Auto2: Colour-change red-yellow-green

In the Auto 2 mode with the automatic colour switchover, it is possible to enter the required switch thresholds "red-yellow switchover", "yellow-green switchover", green-yellow switchover, "yellow-red switchover".

The switching thresholds can be moved within the measuring range. The series of switch points cannot be altered.

Parameter name	Description	Value range	
Red-Yell.switch.	Red-yellow switchover		
YellGr.switch.	Yellow-green switchover	MRS - 50% MRE + 50%	
GrYell. switch	Green-yellow switchover		
YellRed switch	Yellow-red switchover		
Hysteresis	Hysteresis	0.1 10.0 %	
Delay	Delay	0 1800 s	
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yel- low, blue, pink, tur- quoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow- green	
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s	
Contrast	Contrast	15 45	
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no	

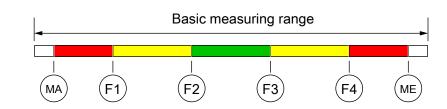


Illustration 21: Function Auto2

MA	MB-start	Measuring range start
F1	Red-Yell.switch.	Colour-change red to yellow
F2	YellGr.switch.	Colour-change yellow to green
F3	GrYell. switch	Colour-change green to yellow
F4	YellRed switch	Colour-change yellow to red
ME	MB-end	Measuring range end

In this menu the same parameters are used as those described in the previous sections.

NOTICE	Unused range
	If a range is not to be used, the associated switch thresholds (F1F4) can be
	set to the same value.

Example

The parameter Colour is set to Auto2. Only the green, yellow and red ranges are required here. To fade out the lower ranges red and yellow, the switch thresholds "red-yellow switching" and "yellow-green switching" are set to the start of the measuring range.



Illustration 22: Example Auto2

4.4.3.7 Menu Level System

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Language	Language change	DE, EN, FR, ES, IT,PT,HU
Software Info	Information about the software	Device type, serial number, firmware version
Config. Info	Information about the configur- ation	Basic measuring range, output signal, contacts
Statistics	Statistics	Operating time, switch cycles of the contacts
Password	Password	0/1999
Load config.	Load configuration	
Save config.	Save configuration	

The user menu can be switched to German, English, French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese or Hungarian using the parameter Language.

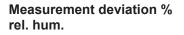
The menu items Software Info and Config. Info provide information about the device. This information helps to answer questions about the device quickly.

	'designation' h	as been assigned, th	e version is shown in Software info . If a is also issued. Please note that a 'desne PC software by remote configuration.	
		asuring range, the de ne Config. Info .	fined output signal and existing contacts	
			ut the operating time and the relay ry. The operating time is shown in days	
			e menu against unauthorised access. . The input 0 means that no password is	
	enter the menu. If	a wrong password is mal mode again. If n	er presses the button in normal mode to e entered, the system automatically p password is active, the display immedi-	
NOTICE	Forgotten password			
NOTICE	The user cannot restore a forgotten password. Please contact the manufacturer in this case.			
	The user can load a saved configuration via the menu item Load config . This means that a functional set of parameters can be loaded after trying out various settings.			
	The menu item Save config. serves to save the existing parameters in a pro- tected memory area. This is helpful if the settings of a functional device needs to be optimised. Save config. and Load config. can be used to quickly restore the initial status again.			
NOTICE	Delivery condition			
NOTICE	If the user has not yet saved a configuration, the default values (status on delivery) are loaded. In this case, any measuring range spreads or switch points are reset and the device needs to be newly configured.			
4.5	Technical data			
4.5.1	Input variables			
Measuring variable	Humidity and temperature of gaseous media.			
Measuring ranges		Precision	Long term drift	
	0 100 % RH	±3 % RH	< 0,04 °C/year	
	-40 100 °C	±0,5 °C	< 0,5 % RH/year	
4.5.2	Output paramet	ters		
Output signal	The device has two analogue outputs (% rel. hum., °C) with the following sig- nals:			
	0 20 mA 4 20 mA 0 10 V			
Apparent ohmic resistance	0/4 20 mA		0 10 V	
	$U_{b} \le 26 \text{ V} R_{L} \le (1000 \text{ R})^{-1}$	- ,	$R_L > 2 k\Omega$	

Switch output

(MOSFET)
One-pin activator (NO) One-pin deactivator (NC)
3 32 V AC/DC
max. 0.25 A
max. 8 W ($R_{on} \le 4 \Omega$)

4.5.3 Measurement accuracy



Measurement deviation °C

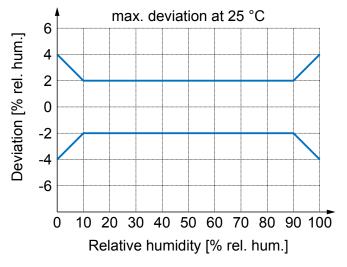


Illustration 23: Measurement accuracy [% rel. hum.]

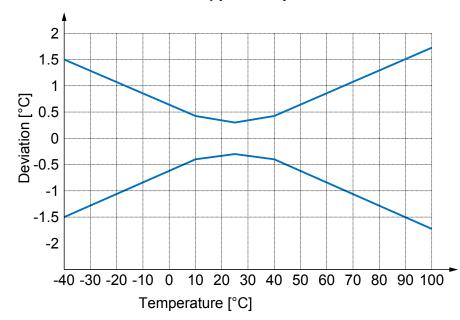


Illustration 24: Measurement accuracy [°C]

4.5.4 Auxiliary energy

Rated Voltage	24 V AC/DC
Admissible operating voltage	U _b = 20 32 V AC/DC
Power consumption	approx. 2W (2VA)

Elektrischer Anschluss	Please see the supplied electro-technology documents for information about the electrical connection.
	In order to guarantee a safe operation, please observe the following safety in- structions.
	 The power supply circuit has to fulfil the requirements for zone 2, category 3.
	 A separate power supply circuit must be created for every component.
	 Every supply circuit must be protected by a slow 200 mA fuse.
	 The operating voltage may not exceed 32 V DC/AC.
	 Only a CE-compliant power supply unit may be used as a power supply.
	Operation in areas at risk of explosion
	If operated in explosive areas, the electrical data of the unit and the valid local
	regulations and guidelines for the installation and operation of electrical systems in explosive areas must be observed (e.g. DIN EN 60079-14)

5 EA14 Universal display

5.1 Use as intended

This device is suitable for use as a display and switch device for transmitters with unit signals 0/4 ... 20 mA or 0 ... 10 V. it can be used for measuring and monitoring critical operating parameters of clan rooms and safety laboratories.

5.2 Design and mode of operation

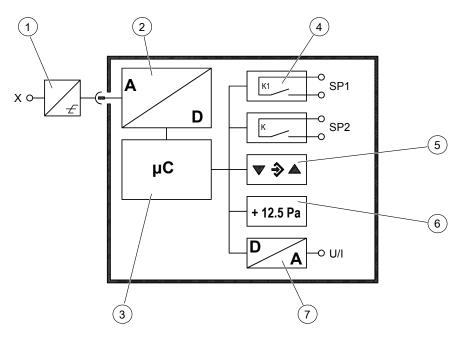


Illustration 25: Function diagram

1	Transmitter with input signal	2	Signal conversion
3	Microcontroller	4	Switch output
5	Keyboard	6	Display
7	Analagua autout		

7 Analogue output

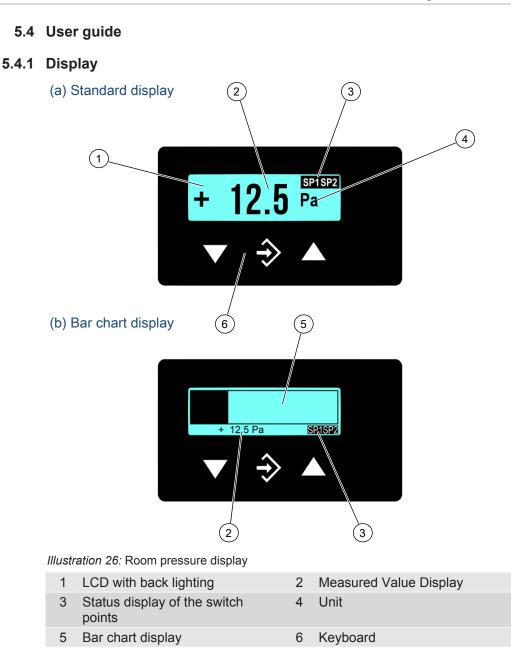
This device is based on an electronic analysis switch that analyses the measuring signal of an external transmitter. The main task is to display and analyse the measured signal. Optionally, an output signal can be provided that is proportional to the input signal.

5.3 Explosion hazard area classification

The universal indicator EA14 is suitable as 'Electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive areas', Zone 2 - (Gases and vapours).

Designation as per Directive 94/9/EC

 $\langle E_x \rangle$ II 3G Ex nA IIC T4 -10°C ≤ T_{amb} ≤ 60°C



In normal mode, the current measured value is shown on a 4-digit LC display. To show very large values, it is possible to switch to a 5 or 6-digit presentation (see Parameter **MB decimal place**).

SP1SP2

Illustration 27: LCD Switch points

The unit is shown on the right of the display. If the device is equipped with contacts, a closed contact is always symbolised by an inverted text "SP1" or "SP2".

Various colours can be selected for the back lighting. Depending on the measured value, the colour of the back lighting can be automatically changed. This can be used e.g. to depict good/poor differences. The back lighting can also be deactivated.

The measured value can also be shown in a bar chart. The measured value is also shown in smaller pictures as a number.

During the programming, the menu items and the associated parameters are shown on the display. The device continues to function whilst the parameters are being set; apart from one exception, the changes come into effect instantly. The exception here is a change of switching times - here the previously valid time must have run down.

5.4.2 Keyboard

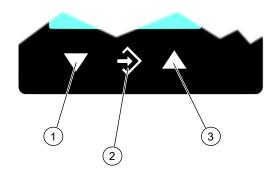


Illustration 28: Operating keys

1	Page down menu	Reduce value	
2	Call up menu	Save value	OK
3	Page up menu	Increase value	

The individual menu items and parameters can be displayed using the buttons \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown . The respective menu item is selected or the parameters for making changes are called up via the button \diamondsuit .

If a parameter can be changed, the display flashes. The change is made via the buttons \blacktriangle and \checkmark . The value is saved with the button \diamondsuit .

To leave a menu level or the entire menu, select the parameter "Quit" and press \diamondsuit .

Switch-on point set switchpoint 1

In normal mode, press the button \diamondsuit to enter the menu. The **menu level Switch points** appears. Press the enter key \diamondsuit again to call up the display parameter.

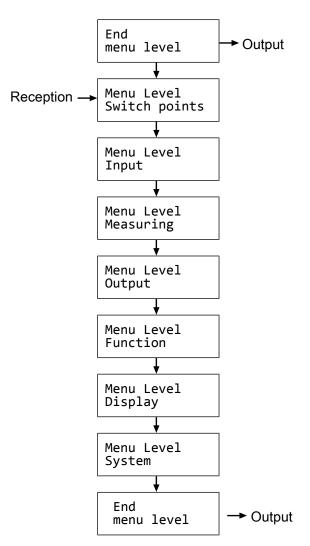
The first parameter **Switch point 1 on** is displayed. To change this parameter, press the button \diamondsuit again.

The device jumps to the input:

- The parameter is stated in the 1st line.
- The value that is to be changed is shown in the 2nd line, the display flashes.
- The input limits are displayed in the 3rd line (if there is one).

The required value is set with the buttons \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown and then confirmed with \diamondsuit

Example:



5.4.3 Menu levels

Illustration 29: Menu levels

5.4.3.1 Menu Level Switch points

Parameter name	Description	Value range
SP1 On	Switch point 1 On	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP1 Off	Switching point 1 off	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP1 Delay	Switching point 1 delay	01800 s
SP1 Function	Switching point 1 function	NO, NC
SP2 On	Switch point 2 On	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP2 Off	Switching point 2 off	MRS-50% MRE+50%
SP2 Delay	Switching point 2 delay	01800 s
SP2 Function	Switching point 2 function	NO, NC

The two switch outputs are configured by four parameters respectively. For the switch point 1 these are

- SP1 On
- SP1 Off
- SP1 Delay

SP1 Function

Accordingly for switch point 2:

- SP2 On
- SP2 Off
- SP2 Delay
- SP2 Function

The function of the individual parameters is explained for both switch points using Switch point 1 as an example.

SP1 On defines the activation point, **SP1 Off** the deactivation point of switch output 1. The values are shown in the valid unit and set accordingly. The values are shown in the valid unit and set accordingly. Both parameters can be set independently over the entire value range.

The value range ranges from MRS - 50% to MRE + 50%. MRS stands for measuring range start and MRE for measuring range end.

Example:

Measurement range = 0 ... 100 Pa The value range for this measuring range is -50 Pa ... +150 Pa.

Together, the two parameters **SP1 On** and **SP1 Off** determine the switch function of switch output 1:

- If SP1 On > SP1 Off, the output switches on, if the measured value exceeds SP1 On. It is only switched off again if the measured value SP1 Off is undercut (hysteresis function).
- If SP1 On = SP1 Off, the output switches on if the measured value exceeds SP1 On and off if the measured value undercuts the same value (SP1 Off).
- If SP1 On < SP1 Off, the output switches on, if the measured value lies within these switch points: i.e:
 - SP1 On < Measured value < SP1 Off (window function).

SP1 Delay allows the reaction of the switch output to be delayed by between 0 and 1800 s. This parameter applies equally for switching on and off.

SP1 Function changes the function of the switch output 1. It is possible here to define whether the contact should work as a open contact (NO) or a break contact (NC).

5.4.3.2 Menu Level Input

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Attenuation	Attenuation	0100 s
Offset correction	Offset correction	¹ ∕₃ basic measuring range
Zero-point window	Zero-point window	¹ ∕₃ basic measuring range

If there are unsteady measurement readings during operation, you can use the parameters **Damping** and **Zero-point window** to stabilise the reading and the output signal.

The parameter **Damping** functions like a capillary throttle. However, it only acts on the display, output signal and switch points (if these exist) but not on the measuring cell itself.

You can set the response time to measuring value jumps in the range 0.0 to 100 s.

NOTICE

Response time

At maximum damping it can take over 2 minutes until after a measurement jump from 100% to 0% is also shown as zero in the display.

In many cases, unsteady readings are not a problem during normal operating mode, but this is not true for the idle state, i.e. if a measured value of zero is expected. The parameter **Zero-point window** is designed to solve this. Its value defines a range around zero at which the measured value is set to zero (see fig.).

The display only stops showing zero when the measurement leaves the set window. When twice the window value is reached, the measuring pressure and the display correspond again. This avoids jumps in the display.

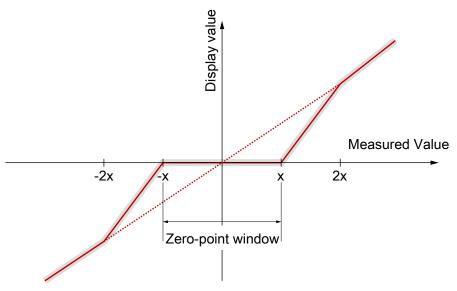


Illustration 30: Zero-point window

It may make sense to set the offset, if the displayed value needs to be matched to another display.

Select the **Offset correction** parameter and correct the reading using the buttons \blacktriangle or \checkmark until zero is shown in the display.

When setting the offset, the current measured value is displayed. The zeropoint window is not active during the offset setting.

5.4.3.3 Menu Level Measuring

Parameter name	Description	Value range
MB start	Measuring range start	Basic measuring range
MB end	Measuring range end	Basic measuring range
Unit	Measuring range unit	bar, mbar, Pa, kPa, MPa, psi, InWc, mmWs, mmHg
Limit	Measuring range limit	yes, no

The transmitter output signal primarily depends on the sensed pressure. However, you have the option of adjusting the output signal to a large extent to suit your requirements.

IOTICE	Adjustment of the o	utput signal	
	The basic measuring ra signal (voltage / current		e label) and the type of output
	The parameters MB start and MB end initially define the two pressures between which the output signal will change at all. Both values are adjustable across the entire basic measuring range. The set values also refer to the pres- sure in the respective unit. However, the signal values (current / voltage) for 'Start of measuring range' and 'End of measuring range' are fixed.		
		an MB end , this is called increases as the pressur	an increasing characteristic re increases.
		an MB start , this is a dec ecreases as the pressure	reasing characteristic curve increases.
	The difference between the values MB start and MB end must be at least 25 % of the basic measuring range.		
	You can select a unit other than the unit of the basic measuring range with the parameter Unit . The user should remember however that not every unit is suitable. The conversion is automatic.		
	The parameter Limit allows the display, output and switching points to be lim- ited to the range between Start of measuring range and End of measuring range. This makes sense when content is measured to avoid "negative con- tents". If Limit is set to "no", those measured values that are greater or smaller than the end values are shown.		
5.4.3.4	Menu Level Output		
	Parameter name	Description	Value range
	min. output	min. output	
	max. output	max. output	0.0 21.0 mA or
	Error signal	Measuring range unit	0.0 11.0 V

the output signal that may not be undercut or exceeded regardless of the measured variable. The limit values take priority over the range defined by the **Start of measuring range** and **End of measuring range** parameters! These parameters primarily serve to prevent error messages in downstream systems caused by brief overstepping of measuring ranges.

The parameter **Min. output** is usually only used for devices with an output signal 4...20 mA because frequently values of below 3.8 mA are evaluated as error signals.

The Max. output value can be used for the voltage and current to limit the maximum value.

The value defined via the parameter **Error signal** is issued if the device detects an internal error and can no longer work correctly. It should be noted here that not all potential errors and faults can be detected by the device itself.

5.4.3.5 Menu Level Function

The Function menu level is a variable menu whose appearance depends on the value of the Function parameter. There are linear, square rooted and table functions

Linear function

The input signal is linear before being sent to the display and the output. The range defined in the menu "Measuring" serves as the measuring range. If the function LINEAR is active, the other menu items are cancelled.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Function	Function	Value = linear

Square rooted function

Here, the input signal is square rooted before being sent to the display and the output. A free unit can be defined for the display. To do this, the start and end of the display range and the number of decimal points are defined. It is also possible to define the unit with 4 characters.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Function	Function	Value = square rooted
Decimal place MB	Measuring range decimal places	1234, 123.4, 12.34, 1,234, 12345, 123456
MB-start	Measuring range start	-9999 +9999
MB-end	Measuring range end	-9999 +9999
Unit MB	Measuring range unit	4 characters

The following section contains descriptions of the parameters **Measuring** range decimal place, **MB start**, **MB end** and unit **MB** to describe the table function.

Tables function

This function allows free adjustment of the input variable to the display and output via a table with up to 30 support points. A value pair comprising a measured value and display value is issued for every support point.

Change of parameter

When switching from TABLE to another function, the table is initialised again and the existing values are lost.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Function	Function	Value = Table
MB decimal pl.	Measuring range decimal places	1234, 123.4, 12.34, 1,234, 12345, 123456
MB start	Measuring range start	-9999 +9999
MB end	Measuring range end	-9999 +9999
MB unit	Measuring range unit	4 characters
No. of pairs	Number of pairs	n = 330
Value pair1	Value pair 1	
Value pair2	Value pair 2	MB-start MB-end
Value pair3	Value pair 3	
Value pair30	Value pair 30	

The display range is defined with the parameters **MB decimal pl.**, **MB start** and **MB end**. The user can select the configuration freely.

NOTICE

Using the parameter **MB decimal pl.**, it is possible to select between a 5 or 6digit presentation. The resolution is not increased. Only an extra zero or two zeros are added. This serves the correct display of larger values. The measuring range must be positive for the 6 digit presentation.

The **MB** unit gives the user the option of defining a completely independent unit. Letters, numbers or special characters can be used. The unit can be max. 4 characters long.

If the function TABLE is selected, then it is also necessary to state the **No. of pairs**. It is defined here how many pairs of values (support points) are used in the table. A table is made up of at least 3, max. 30 support points.

Number of value pairs

If the number of value pairs is changed, the table is initialised again and the existing values are deleted.

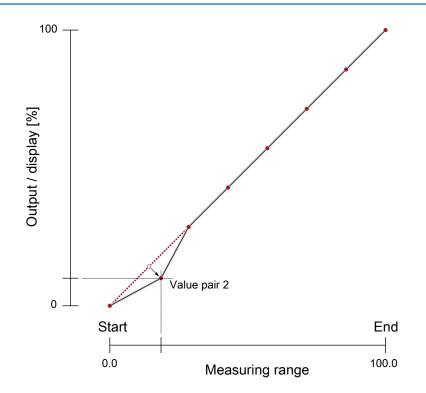


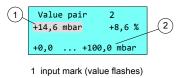
Illustration 32: Table function (example)

The individual value pairs can be seen and changed with the Value pair1 to Value pair30 parameters. A value pair comprises a measured value (left side) and a display value (right side). The measured value must lie within the measuring range and the display value must lie within the defined "free unit". The respective limits are shown during input. The table must contain either increasing or decreasing values. the table must contain either continuously increasing or continuously failing values. A change from an increasing to a decreasing characteristic curve within a support point table is not allowed.

5.4.3.6 Menu Level Display

The Display menu level is a variable menu whose appearance depends on the value of the colour parameter. In addition to the various colours for the background lighting, there are also two auto-functions with colour switching available.

NOTICE



² allowed range of values

Illustration 31: Value pair

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yellow, blue, pink, turquoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow- green
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s
Contrast	Contrast	15 45
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no

The mots important parameter is **Colour**. A fixed colour can be defined for the background colour here. There are also two auto-functions with colour switching available. Alternatively, the background illumination can be permanently deactivated.

If permanent lighting is not required, the parameter **Lighting time** can be used to define when the lighting should be switched off after the last time a button is pressed. In addition to permanent lighting (0 s), automatic shut-down after 10... 600 s is also possible. The set time is only valid if the parameter **Colour** is not set to "off".

Amongst other things, the legibility of the display depends on the temperature and the reading angle. To ensure optimised legibility, the display can be adjusted using the parameter **Contrast**. When the contrast is changed, it is possible that the display appears empty or almost completely black. In this case, the contrast must be turned up or down.

Via the parameter **Bar chart**, the display can be switched between a display where the measured value is either shown in large digits or the display shows small digits and an additional barchart.

Auto1: Colour-change red to green

In the mode with the automatic colour switchover, it is possible to enter the required switch thresholds "red-green switchover", "green-red switchover".

The switching thresholds can be moved within the measuring range. The series of switch points cannot be altered.

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Red-Gr. switch.	Red-green switching	MRS - 50%
Gr-Red switch.	Green-red switching	MRE + 50%
Hysteresis	Hysteresis	0.1 10.0 %
Delay	Delay	0 1800 s
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yel- low, blue, pink, tur- quoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow- green
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s
Contrast	Contrast	15 45
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no

NOTICE

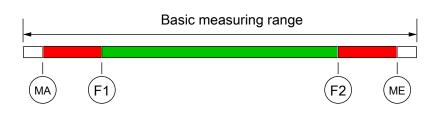


Illustration 33: Function Auto1

MA	MB-start	Measuring range start
F1	Red-Gr. switch.	Red-green switching
F2	Gr-Red switch.	Green-red switching
ME	MB-end	Measuring range end

The parameter **Hysteresis** can be used to prevent fast and unwanted colour changes. The hysteresis is set in the range 0.1... 10%.

Overlapping colour areas

Note: In the case of large hysteresis values, steps must be taken to ensure that the ranges of the individual colours do not overlap. Otherwise it is possible that the colour change may not function in the desired way.

The parameter **Delay** offers a further option to prevent unwanted colour changes. The colour change here can be delayed between 0...1800 s.

The parameter **Lighting** can be used to define when the lighting should be switched off after the last time a button is pressed. In addition to permanent lighting, automatic shut-down after 10...600 s is also possible. The set time is only valid if the parameter **Colour** is not set to "off". The lighting can be switched on permanently with the value 0s.

The legibility of the display can be adjusted using the parameter **Contrast**. When the contrast is changed, it is possible that the display appears empty or almost completely black. In this case, the contrast must be turned up or down again.

Via the parameter **Bar chart**, the display can be switched between a display where the measured value is either shown in large digits or the display shows small digits and an additional barchart.

Auto2: Colour-change red-yellow-green

In the Auto 2 mode with the automatic colour switchover, it is possible to enter the required switch thresholds "red-yellow switchover", "yellow-green switchover", green-yellow switchover, "yellow-red switchover".

The switching thresholds can be moved within the measuring range. The series of switch points cannot be altered.

Parameter name	Description	Value range	
Red-Yell.switch.	Red-yellow switchover		
YellGr.switch.	Yellow-green switchover	MRS - 50%	
GrYell. switch	Green-yellow switchover	MRE + 50%	
YellRed switch	Yellow-red switchover		
Hysteresis	Hysteresis	0.1 10.0 %	
Delay	Delay	0 1800 s	

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Colour	Colour	Off, red, green, yel- low, blue, pink, tur- quoise, white, Auto1: Red-green Auto2: Red-yellow- green
Lighting	Lighting time	0 s, 10 600 s
Contrast	Contrast	15 45
Bar chart	Barchart display	yes, no

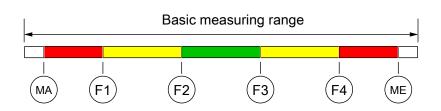


Illustration 34: Function Auto2

MA	MB-start	Measuring range start
F1	Red-Yell.switch.	Colour-change red to yellow
F2	YellGr.switch.	Colour-change yellow to green
F3	GrYell. switch	Colour-change green to yellow
F4	YellRed switch	Colour-change yellow to red
ME	MB-end	Measuring range end

In this menu the same parameters are used as those described in the previous sections.

Unused range If a range is not to be used, the associated switch thresholds (F1...F4) can be set to the same value.

The parameter Colour is set to Auto2. Only the green, yellow and red ranges are required here. To fade out the lower ranges red and yellow, the switch thresholds "red-yellow switching" and "yellow-green switching" are set to the start of the measuring range.



Illustration 35: Example Auto2

NOTICE

Example

5.4.3.7 Menu Level System

Parameter name	Description	Value range
Language	Language change	DE, EN, FR, ES, IT,PT,HU
Software Info	Information about the software	Device type, serial number, firmware version
Config. Info	Information about the configur- ation	Basic measuring range, output signal, contacts
Statistics	Statistics	Operating time, switch cycles of the contacts
Password	Password	0/1999
Load config.	Load configuration	
Save config.	Save configuration	

The user menu can be switched to German, English, French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese or Hungarian using the parameter Language.

The menu items **Software Info** and **Config. Info** provide information about the device. This information helps to answer questions about the device quickly.

- The serial number and the firmware version is shown in Software info. If a 'designation' has been assigned, this is also issued. Please note that a 'designation' can only be entered with the PC software by remote configuration.
- The basic measuring range, the defined output signal and existing contacts are stated in the Config. Info.

The **Statistics** provide information about the operating time and the relay switching cycles from the time of delivery. The operating time is shown in days (d) and hours (h)

A **Password** can be used to protect the menu against unauthorised access. The password is a figure from 1 to 999. The input 0 means that no password is active.

The password needs to be set if the user presses the button in normal mode to enter the menu. If a wrong password is entered, the system automatically jumps back to normal mode again. If no password is active, the display immediately jumps to the menu.

NOTICE

Forgotten password

The user cannot restore a forgotten password. Please contact the manufacturer in this case.

The user can load a saved configuration via the menu item **Load config**. This means that a functional set of parameters can be loaded after trying out various settings.

The menu item **Save config.** serves to save the existing parameters in a protected memory area. This is helpful if the settings of a functional device needs to be optimised. **Save config.** and **Load config.** can be used to quickly restore the initial status again.

NOTICE

Delivery condition

If the user has not yet saved a configuration, the default values (status on delivery) are loaded. In this case, any measuring range spreads or switch points are reset and the device needs to be newly configured.

5.5	Technical data		
5.5.1 Measuring variable Input signal	Input variables Depends on the sensor element used. Current signal in compliance with DIN IEC 60381-1: 0 20 mA 4 20 mA Voltage signal in compliance with DIN IEC 60381-2: 0 10 V		
5.5.2	Output parameters		
Output signal	0 20 mA 4 20 mA 0 10 V		
Apparent ohmic resistance	0/4 20 mA $U_{b} \le 26 \text{ V} \text{R}_{L} \le (U_{b} - 4 \text{ V})$ $U_{b} > 26 \text{ V} \text{R}_{L} \le 1100$	/ 0,02 A	0 10 V R _L > 2 kΩ
Switching outputs	2 potential-free semicondu	uctor switches (MOSFET)	
		MOSFET	
	Progr. switching function	One-pin activator (NO) One-pin deactivator (NC)
	Max. switching voltage	332 V AC/DC	
	Max. switching current	0.25A	
	max. switching output	8 W / VA R _{ON} ≤ 4 Ω	
5.5.3	Measurement accurac	у	
	FS (Full Scale) refers to the basic measuring range.		
Characteristic curve devi-	(Non-linearity and hystere	sis)	
ation*	Maximum	0.1 % FS	
	Typical	0.05 % FS	
	The information refers to a linear, non-spread characteristic curve at 25 C.		
Temperature coefficient	Maximum	0,1 % FS / 10 K	
	Typical	0,025 % FS / 10 K	
	In zero-point and span wit spread).	h reference to the basic m	easuring range (not
5.5.4	Auxiliary energy		
Rated Voltage	24 V AC/DC		
Admissible operating voltage	U _b = 20 32 V AC/DC		
Power consumption	approx. 2W (2VA)		
Elektrischer Anschluss	Please see the supplied electro-technology documents for information about the electrical connection.		
	In order to guarantee a safe operation, please observe the following safety in- structions.		
	 The power supply circuit has to fulfil the requirements for zone 2, category 3. 		
	 A separate power supply circuit must be created for every component. 		

- Every supply circuit must be protected by a slow 200 mA fuse.
- The operating voltage may not exceed 32 V DC/AC.
- Only a CE-compliant power supply unit may be used as a power supply.

Operation in areas at risk of explosion

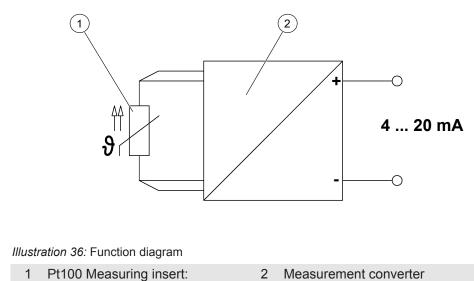
If operated in explosive areas, the electrical data of the unit and the valid local regulations and guidelines for the installation and operation of electrical systems in explosive areas must be observed (e.g. DIN EN 60079-14)

6 TW68 Resistance thermometer

6.1 Use as intended

The compact resistance thermometer is suitable for measuring the air temperature in clean rooms and safety laboratories.

6.2 Design and mode of operation



The temperature is measured with a Pt100 measuring insert in a 4-conductor switch. The Pt100 signal is converted into an analogue output signal by an integrated measuring transducer.

6.3 Explosion hazard area classification

The resistance thermometer TW68 is suitable as 'Electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive areas, Zone 2 - Gases and vapours.

Designation as per Directive 94/9/EC

 $\langle Ex \rangle$ II 3G Ex nA IIC T4 -10°C $\leq T_{amb} \leq 60$ °C

6.4 Technical data

6.4.1 Input variables

Measuring variableTemperature of gas-like media.Measuring ranges0 ... +50 °COther ranges on request

6.4.2 Output parameters

Output signal	4 20 mA
Apparent ohmic resistance	(U _b - 10 V)/0,023 A

6.4.3	Measurement accuracy
Characteristic curve devi- ation*	±0,3 K
Long-term stability	≤ 0.1 K/year
Temperature drift	0,1 %/K
Response time	1 s
6.4.4	Auxiliary energy
Rated Voltage	24 V AC/DC
Admissible operating voltage	U _b = 20 32 V AC/DC
Power consumption	approx. 1W (1VA)
Electrical connection	Please see the supplied electro-technology documents for information about the electrical connection.
	In order to guarantee a safe operation, please observe the following safety in- structions.
	 The power supply circuit has to fulfil the requirements for zone 2, category 3.
	 A separate power supply circuit must be created for every component.
	 Every supply circuit must be protected by a slow 200 mA fuse.
	 The operating voltage may not exceed 32 V DC/AC.
	 Only a CE-compliant power supply unit may be used as a power supply.
	Operation in areas at risk of explosion
	If operated in explosive areas, the electrical data of the unit and the valid local regulations and guidelines for the installation and operation of electrical systems
	in explosive areas must be observed (e.g. DIN EN 60079-14)

7 Display and control elements

7.1 Command and alarm devices

7.1.1 Explosion hazard area classification

All following commands and alarm devices are suitable as 'Electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive areas', Zone 2 - (Gases and vapours).

7.1.2 Pushbutton

7.1.2.1 Piezo pushbutton



•	
Material	Stainless steel
Diameter	28 mm
Switching voltage	24 V DC
Switching current	50 mA
Contact resistance	ON: 10 Ω OFF: 5 MΩ
Protection rating	IP66
ATEX code:	

€x II 1 GD; I M1

7.1.3 Signal lamp

7.1.3.1 Signal lamp type LE07



	Material	Stainless steel
	Diameter	35 mm
	Colour	Green, yellow, blue, red, white
-	Design	Flat
	Appearance	Transparent
	Operatig voltage	24 V DC
	Power consumption	ca. 60 mA
	Protection rating	IP67

X2 +

X1



7.1.3.2 Signal lamp Type LE10

		Material	Stainless steel	
		Diameter	47 mm	
		Colour	Green, red	
	X1 -	Symbol	Concentric circles	
	∧।- sw	Design	Flat	
	_	Appearance	Transparent	
		Operatig voltage	24 V DC	
	Ţ	Power consumption	ca. 20 mA	
rt	rt gn	Protection rating	IP67	
	2.2 +			

7.1.3.3 Access signal lamp



Type LE06

Material	Stainless steel, glass
Diameter	35 mm
Sluice symbols	Green arrow Yellow triangle Red circle with slash line
Operatig voltage	24 V DC
Power consumption	75 mA
Protection rating	IP67

7.2 Calibration pipes

Material	Stainless steel
Hood	With hole without hole
Diameter covering hood	20 mm
Hose connection	6/4 mm hose
Protection rating	IP67 (Pressure line open)

Using the calibration pipes, it is possible to calibrate the differential pressure measuring unit on site without having to remove it. To do this, both cover caps need to be unscrewed and the reference line needs to be disconnected.

7.3 Calibration valve

Material	Stainless steel
Sealings and gaskets	Polymer, gassing resistant
Diameter	35 mm
Diameter covering hood	32 mm
Hose connection	6/4 mm hose
Protection rating	IP67

The calibration valve significantly reduces the annual calibration effort and is protected from misuse by a key switch. This key can disconnect the reference line and redirect it to the hose connection of the valve.

7.4 Room pressure filter element

Material	Stainless steel
Sealings and gaskets	Polymer (gassing resistant)
Diameter	50 mm
Cover bell	40 mm
Hepa filter	Class H14 (exchangeable)
Autoclave-capable	Housing and inner parts
Protection rating	IP67

The room pressure filter element isolates hazardous substances within the room in which the pressure is to be measured. This effectively rules out the possibility of carry-over of hazardous substances to the place where the measurements are taken.





7.5 Reference pressure connection

Material	MS nickel-plated
Hose connection	6/4 mm hose 6/8 mm hose
Protection rating	IP20

The reference pressure line is usually located behind the front plate.

8 Assembly and commissioning

The dimensional drawing for the respectively supplied assembly type is stated in the supplied electro-technology documents.

Clean room panels can be supplied in the following mounting types (see Order code [\triangleright 63]).

Wall-mounting

Via a recess in the wall in the clean room. The minimum installation depth is 49 mm. The panel is attached with sunk-head screws.



Illustration 37: Wall-mounting

Surface installation

Via surface-mounted housing on the wall of the clean room. The minimum installation depth is 52 mm. The panel is attached to the surface-mounted housing with sunk-head screws.

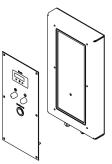


Illustration 38: Surface installation

Channel assembly

Via a cut-out in the channel The minimum installation depth is 49 mm. The panel is attached with sunk-head screws.

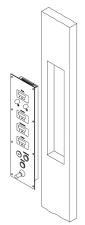


Illustration 39: Channel installation

9 Maintenance, servicing and disposal

9.1 Maintenance

We recommend the following regular inspections of the clean room panel to guarantee reliable operation and a long service life:

- Check the function in combination with downstream components.
- Calibration of the installed components Please note the instructions in the section Components.
- Check any pressure connections lines for leaks.
- Check the electrical connections.

The exact test cycles need to be adapted to the operating and environmental conditions. In combination with other devices, the operating instructions for the other devices also need to be observed.

9.2 Transport

The clean room panel may not be exposed to mechanical shocks. It should be transported in the original packaging or a suitable transport container.

9.3 Service

All service tasks must be agreed with our sales department. All defective or faulty panels should be sent directly to our repair department. Return the device in the original packaging or a suitable transport container.

9.4 Disposal

Incorrect disposal may pose a risk to the environment.

Please help to protect the environment by always disposing of the work pieces and packaging materials in compliance with the valid national waste and recycling guidelines or reuse them.

10 Technical information

10.1 General

The technical data about the installed components is stated fro each device type in the following sections:

- DE24 Room pressure transmitter/indicator [> 21]
- FT61 Humidity and temperature measuring device [> 36]
- EA14 Universal display [▶ 52]
- TW68 Resistance thermometer [> 54]

10.2 Application conditions

Ambient temperature	0 +50 °C
Storage temperature	-10 +70 °C
Enclosure protection class	According to assembly type (see below)

The panels are suitable for use in all clean room classes according to DIN EN ISO 14611-1 and EG-GMP Guide.

The resistance of the components to certain chemicals must be agreed with the sales department.

10.3 Auxiliary energy

It is connected via a terminal strip in the back of the housing cover. Please refer to the electro-technology documents for the terminals and/or wiring plan. Please refer to the information in the wiring diagram or the technical data of the components used for information about the auxiliary energy.

NOTICE

Power supply

Please ensure that a uniform power supply is used.

In order to guarantee a safe operation, please observe the following safety instructions.

- The power supply circuit has to fulfil the requirements for zone 2, category 3.
- A separate power supply circuit must be created for every component.
- Every supply circuit must be protected by a slow 200 mA fuse.
- The operating voltage may not exceed 32 V DC/AC.
- Only a CE-compliant power supply unit may be used as a power supply.

Operation in areas at risk of explosion

If operated in explosive areas, the electrical data of the unit and the valid local regulations and guidelines for the installation and operation of electrical systems in explosive areas must be observed (e.g. DIN EN 60079-14)

10.4 Construction design

A panel comprises a front plate (V2A, vertical sanding pattern with 240 grain) and various instaled components (measuring equipment, control units, signal lamps).

Assembly with sunk-head screws. There are recesses DIN 74-A4 for the sunk-head screws ISO 2009-M4 in the front plate.

The power supply is connected via terminal strips.

Wall-mounting	The clean room panel is mounted in the clean room wall with a flush-mounted aluminium cover. When installed, the stainless steel front corresponds to pro- tection class IP67. The flush-mounted cover corresponds to protection class IP20.
Surface installation	In the case of surface-mounted devices, the front plate is mounted to a surface- mounted housing (V2A, vertical sanding pattern with a 240 grain) that meets the protection class IP67.
Channel installation	The clean room panel is mounted in the channel with a rear cover made of alu- minium. When installed, the stainless steel front corresponds to protection class IP67. The cover corresponds to protection class IP20.

11	Order Codes
Code No 1 2 3 4 R T Assembly type Typ	LE03 LE03 LE03 LE04 Signal lamp yellow LE04 LE04 Signal lamp yellow LE04 LE04 Signal lamp yellow LE04 LE04 Signal lamp yellow LE04 Signal lamp yellow
Assembly type	[1] ← <i>Code No</i> W Wall-mounting
	 A Surface installation K Channel assembly
DE24	Room pressure transmitter/indicator
	 [2] ← Code No 0 without # 1 9 (number of installed devices) The device and all accessories are listed as a separate position in the order.
FT61	Humidity and temperature measuring devices
	[3] ← Code No 0 without # 1 9 (number of installed devices) The device and all accessories are listed as a separate position in the order.
EA14	Universal indicator
	 [4] ←Code No 0 without # 1 9 (number of installed devices)
LE03	Signaler (horn)
	 [5] ←Code No 0 without 1 Front-flush mounted signaler 2 Internally mounted signaler
LE07	Signal lamp green
	[6] ← <i>Code No</i> 0 without

	[6]	←Code No				
	#	1 9 (number of installed sigr	nal lar	nps)		
LE07	Signal lamp yellow					
	[7]	←Code No				
	0	without				
	#	1 9 (number of installed sigr	nal lar	nps)		
LE07	Signal lamp red					
	[8]	B] ←Code No				
	0	without				
	#	1 9 (number of installed signal lamps)				
Pushbutton	with	but				
	[9]	←Code No	[9]	←Code No		
	0	without				
	1	1 x spring return	В	1 x toggle		
	2	2 x spring return	С	2 x toggle		
	3	3 x spring return	D	3 x toggle		
	4	4 x spring return	Е	4 x toggle		
	5	5 x spring return	F	5 x toggle		
	6	6 x spring return	G	6 x toggle		
	7	7 x spring return	н	7 x toggle		
	8	8 x spring return	I	8 x toggle		
	9	9 x spring return	J	9 x toggle		
Illuminated pushbutton	[10]	←Code No	[10]	←Code No		
green	0	without				
	1	1 x spring return	В	1 x toggle		
	2	2 x spring return	С	2 x toggle		
	3	3 x spring return	D	3 x toggle		
	4	4 x spring return	Е	4 x toggle		
	5	5 x spring return	F	5 x toggle		
	6	6 x spring return	G	6 x toggle		
	7	7 x spring return	н	7 x toggle		
	8	8 x spring return	I.	8 x toggle		
	9	9 x spring return	J	9 x toggle		
Illuminated pushbutton yel-	[11]	←Code No	[11]	←Code No		
low	0	without				
	1	1 x spring return	В	1 x toggle		
	2	2 x spring return	С	2 x toggle		
	3	3 x spring return	D	3 x toggle		
	4	4 x spring return	Е	4 x toggle		
	5	5 x spring return	F	5 x toggle		
	6	6 x spring return	G	6 x toggle		
	7	7 x spring return	Н	7 x toggle		
	8	8 x spring return	1	8 x toggle		

	[11]	←Code No	[11] ←Code No
	9	9 x spring return		9 x toggle
Illuminated pushbutton red	-			
Illuminated pushbutton red		←Code No	[12] ←Code No
	0	without	_	
	1	1 x spring return	В	1 x toggle
	2	2 x spring return	С	2 x toggle
	3	3 x spring return	D	3 x toggle
	4	4 x spring return	E	4 x toggle
	5	5 x spring return	F	5 x toggle
	6	6 x spring return	G	6 x toggle
	7	7 x spring return	н	
	8	8 x spring return	1	8 x toggle
	9	9 x spring return	J	9 x toggle
LE06	Acce	ss signal lamp		
	[13]	\leftarrow Code No		
	0	without		
	#	1 9 (number of	installed signal la	mps)
Key switch	With	2 settings		
		←Code No		
	0	without		
	#	1 9 (Number of	installed kev swi	tches)
Calibration pipes	[15]	Codo No		
Calibration pipes		← Code No		
Calibration pipes	Α	without		
Calibration pipes	A B	without 1 x open		
Calibration pipes	A B C	without 1 x open 1 x closed	4 v closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open	1 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open	1 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open		
Calibration pipes	A B C D E	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open	2 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x open		
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open	2 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G H	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x open	2 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G H I	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open	2 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G H I J	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x closed	2 x closed 1 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G H I J K	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 1 x open	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G H I J K L	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 3 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x open 2 x open	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D F G H I J K L M	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x open 3 x open 3 x open 3 x open	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D F G H I J K L M N	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 3 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 4 x open	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D F G H I J K L M N O	without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x open 4 x open 4 x open 4 x closed	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed 1 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P	<pre>without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 3 x open 3 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 3 x open 4 x open 4 x open 1 x open 1 x open</pre>	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed 1 x closed 4 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D F F G H I J K L M N O O P Q	<pre>without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 3 x open 3 x open 3 x open 3 x open 4 x open 4 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x open</pre>	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed 1 x closed 4 x closed 3 x closed	
Calibration pipes	A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R	 without 1 x open 1 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 2 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 4 x open 4 x closed 1 x open 2 x open 3 x open 4 x open 2 x open 3 x open 4 x open 2 x open 3 x open 3 x open 	2 x closed 1 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed 1 x closed 4 x closed 3 x closed 2 x closed 2 x closed	

Reference pressure connection

Number	

[16]	←Code	No
	V OOUC	110

- 0 without
- **#** 1 ... 9 (number of reference pressure connections)

Design

[17]	←Code No
00	without
10	for 6/4 hose
20	for 8/6 hose

P####

Panel-specific identification number

Not all features of a panel are covered by the order key. Therefore every panel has a panel-specific identification number with which the panel can be uniquely identified.

12 Accessories

12.1 Reference pressurized container

Pressurized container for damping atmospheric fluctuations on the reference pressure signal in pressure-controlled rooms. The amplitude of the atmospheric pressure is smoothed to a stable signal. The smoothed signal is used as a reference for following room pressure control circuits.

Order no.	09004616
Material	Polypropylene (PP)
Max. pressure	1 bar
Permissible ambient temperature	0 55 °C
Diameter	200 mm
Height	1000 mm
Volume	20
Weight	5 kg
Ports	3/8"
Assembly	Ventilation pipe circlip in compliance with DIN EN 1506

12.1.1 Dimensioned drawing

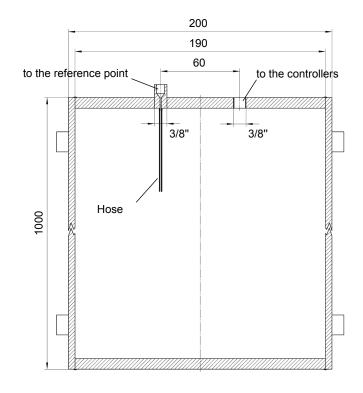


Illustration 40: Reference pressurized container

12.2 Reference pressure distributor



This distributor allows the reference pressure line to be split to 6 further main lines. The pressure connections can either be equipped with hose screw connections or plug connections. Those connections that are not required are closed with blind plugs.

Order no.	06411134
Material	Stainless steel
Diameter x length	41 x 193 mm
Distributor	1 opening 6 outlets
Hose	6/4 mm or 8/6 mm hose
Assembly	Wall mounting

12.3 Separation element

Material	MS nickel-plated
Thread	M10 x 1
Hose connection	6/4 mm hose 6/8 mm hose
Protection rating	IP20
Order no.	Wall thickness
06401349	50 mm
06401350	75 mm
06401351	100 mm
06401352	125 mm
06401353	150 mm
06401392	160 mm
06401744	250 mm

